

Name: _____

Grade: _____ /350 Points

Architecture: House Styles and key terms

- I. American Colonial (1600s – 1800) - When North America was colonized, settlers brought building traditions from many different countries. Architecture from America's colonial period continues to influence the houses we build today.

- A. What is the weather like in Massachusetts? _____ Louisiana? _____
B. Cape Cod-

- C. French Colonial-

- II. Classical (1780 – 1860) - During the founding of the United States, many people felt that ancient Greece expressed the ideals of democracy. Architecture reflected classical ideals of order and symmetry.

- A. Almost all Greek inspired buildings have _____.
B. Federal Style-

- C. Greek Revival-

- D. Antebellum-

- III. Victorian (1840 – 1900) - Mass-production and factory-made building parts made large, elaborate houses more affordable. A variety of Victorian styles emerged, each with its own distinctive features.

- A. Who was Queen Victoria?

- B. Gothic Revival-

- C. Queen Anne-

- IV. Gilded Age (1880 – 1929) - The rise of Industrialism brought the period we know as the Gilded Age. Business leaders amassed enormous wealth and built palatial, elaborate homes.

- A. George Vanderbilt built which luxurious mansion? _____
B. Beaux Arts (Fine Art)-

- C. Tudor revival-

- V. Frank Lloyd Wright Style (1901– 1955) - Frank Lloyd Wright revolutionized the American home when he began to design houses with low horizontal lines and open interior spaces.

- A. FLW designed what modern contemporary art museum in New York City?

- B. Prairie Style-

- VI. Early 20th Century (1905 – 1945) - In the early 1900s, builders sloffed off the elaborate Victorian styles. Homes for the new century were compact, economical, and informal.

- A. Agrarian societies typically have larger homes. Why? _____
B. Bungalow-

C. Veranda-

D. American Foursquare-

- VII. Modern (1930 – present) - Modernist houses broke away from conventional forms, while postmodernist houses combined traditional forms in unexpected ways.

A. List an example of modern architecture in Roanoke, VA. _____
B. A-Frame-

C. Contemporary-

D. Postmodern-

- VIII. Post War (1945 – 1980)- Soldiers returning from World War II brought an enormous need for housing. Real estate developers purchased large tracts of land and constructed homes with an eye on simplicity and affordability.

A. What is a suburb?

B. Ranch-

C. Split Level-

D. Cape Cod Revival-

- IX. Earth Houses (prehistoric - present) - Architects and engineers are taking a new look at man's earliest building material: practical, affordable, energy-efficient earth.

A. List an example of "green technology" that we use today in architecture.

B. Adobe-

C. Earth Sheltered-

- X. Prefab (1906 – present)- Factory-made modular and prefabricated houses have been popular since the early 1900s when Sears, Aladdin, and other mail order companies shipped house kits to far corners of the United States. Today, "prefabs" are gaining new respect as architects experiment with bold new forms.

A. Sears Catalog-

B. Modular-

C. Log House-

D. Tiny House Movement-

- XI. What is your favorite style of Architecture that we went over in class?